Chapter 5 Review Sheet

- 1. What is Congress' primary responsibility? What is the name of the 2 houses of Congress?
- 2. How is the number of members determined in the lower house? In the upper house?
- 3. What do we call the members of the House of Representatives?
- 4. How many members are in the House of Representatives? Can it get any bigger?
- 5. What is the lowest number of representatives a state can have?
- 6. What determines how many reps each state gets? How many is each individual rep responsible for?
- 7. How long are representative's terms?
- 8. How many senators does each state get? How many are there in all of the Senate?
- 9. How long are the senator's terms for? What do we call the senator that has served longer?
- 10. Is the entire Senate up for reelection every 6 years? Explain.
- 11. What are the 3 qualifications to be a member of the House of Representatives? Of the Senate?
- 12. What are the 3 jobs that have been held the most before a Congressperson has taken office?
- 13. What is the average age in the House? The Senate?
- 14. How much money does Congress make each year? Where are their offices located?
- 15. What is the franking privilege?
- 16. Why can't Congress members be arrested on their way to Congress?
- 17. Why can't Congress members be sued for things they say on the floor?
- 18. What is the most severe form of punishment a Congress member can receive?
- 19. What is censure?
- 20. What is the difference between a special session and a joint session?
- 21. What are the 3 congressional officers that the Constitution lists?
- 22. What is the difference between the majority and minority party?
- 23. How much more money does the Speaker of the House make?
- 24. When is the only time the Vice President can participate in the Senate?

- 25. Who takes over the Senate when the Vice President isn't there?
- 26. How is Congress able to review the thousands of bills a year that come across their desks?
- 27. How many permanent committees are in the Senate? The House?
- 28. Explain subcommittee, select committee, joint committees, and conference committees.
- 29. How does someone become a committee chairperson?
- 30. What are the 3 ways Congress can finance the government?
- 31. What are the 4 ways Congress can regulate and encourage trade and industry?
- 32. What are the 2 ways Congress can defend the country?
- 33. How does Congress enforce laws?
- 34. What are the 2 ways Congress provides for growth?
- 35. What is the elastic clause? Give an example.
- 36. Who are the 3 officials that can be impeached?
- 37. Where are the charges for impeachment read? Who votes on it? How many have to vote in favor of impeachment?
- 38. Where does the impeachment trial take place? Who are the jurors? Who are 2 the possible judges? How many have to vote in order for the official to be removed from office?
- 39. How many officials have been impeached? How many have been removed from office? What position did they hold?
- 40. Who were the 2 presidents that have been impeached? Was Nixon impeached? Explain.
- 41. What are the 3 special powers of the House? What are the 4 special powers of the Senate?
- 42. How can the Supreme Court check the powers of Congress?
- 43. Define an Ex Post Facto Law.
- 44. What's the difference between a Bill of Attainder and the Writ of Habeas Corpus?
- 45. What is the most important role of Congress?